#### **Project Title**

Central America's Immigrant and Refugee Crisis: Limiting Unauthorized Migration through the Alliance for Prosperity and Reintegration Efforts



### **Project Team Profile**

- Principal Investigator:
  - Randy Capps, Migration Policy Institute (MPI)
- Project Start Date: September 2017
- Anticipated End Date: June 2017
- Project personnel:
  - Ariel Ruiz, MPI Project Manager, Subject Matter Expert
  - Luis Arugueta, Consultant for Guatemala and El Salvador fieldwork
  - Rodrigo Dominguez-Villegas (University of Massachusetts, Amherst), Consultant for Mexico and Honduras Fieldwork



#### **Problem Statement**

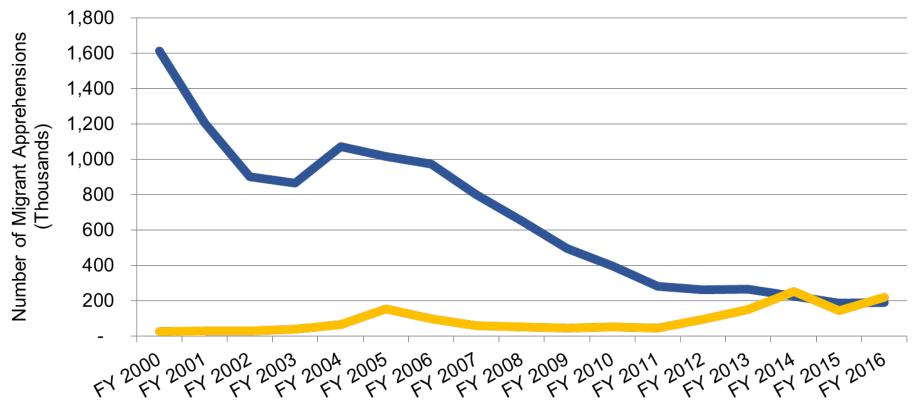
- Central American migrant apprehensions have risen, reached level of Mexican apprehensions on Southwest border.
- Apprehensions of Central Americans also rising in Mexico.
- Many Central American migrants seek asylum, may have valid claims:
  - Can be families, children
  - Not amenable to Border Patrol consequences
  - Often released in U.S. while waiting years for asylum cases
- Thus the new flow from the Northern Triangle may be more difficult to deter and many migrants in the flow, once deported, may return as recidivist illegal entrants.





## Apprehensions of Central Americans on U.S. border have risen to same level as Mexicans

### U.S. Apprehensions of Unauthorized Migrants from Mexico and Other than Mexico along the Southwest Border, by Fiscal Year



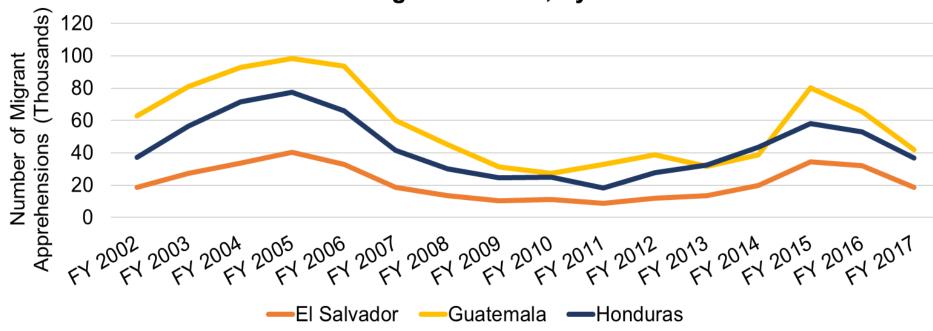
Source: U.S. Customs Border Protection (CBP), "United States Border Patrol: Total Illegal Alien Apprehensions by Fiscal Year," www.cbp.gov/sites/default/files/assets/documents/2016-Oct/BP%20Total%20Apps%2C%20Mexico%2C%20OTM%20FY2000-FY2016.pdf





# Apprehensions of Central Americans in Mexico have also risen substantially

## Mexican Apprehensions of Unauthorized Migrants from the Northern Triangle Countries, by Fiscal Year

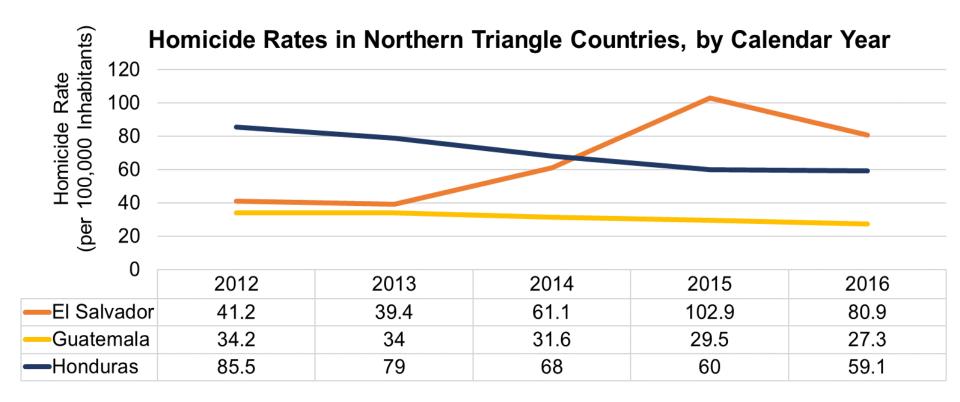


Source: Secretaria de Gobernación (SEGOB), "Boletines Estadísticos, Cuadro 3.1 a 3.5" 2001-2006, "Boletines Estadísticos, Cuadro 3.1.1," 2007-2017, www.politicamigratoria.gob.mx/es mx/SEGOB/Boletines Estadisticos.





# Violence, other migration pressures in the region remain constant



Sources: Instituto Nacional de Estadística, "Reporte Estadístico," Secretaria Técnica del Consejo Nacional de Seguridad, Enero 2017, <a href="http://stcns.gob.gt/docs/2017/Reportes\_DMC/reporteenero2017.pdf">http://stcns.gob.gt/docs/2017/Reportes\_DMC/reporteenero2017.pdf</a>; Observatorio de la Violencia, "Boletines Nacionales," Universidad Nacional Autónoma de Honduras - Instituto Universitario en Democracia, Paz y Seguridad, 2012-2017, <a href="https://iudpas.unah.edu.hn/observatorio-de-la-violencia/boletines-del-observatorio-2/boletines-nacionales/">https://iudpas.unah.edu.hn/observatorio-de-la-violencia/boletines-del-observatorio-2/boletines-nacionales/</a>; InSight Crime, 2016 Homicide Round-up, <a href="https://www.insightcrime.org/news-analysis/insight-crime-2016-homicide-round-up">https://www.insightcrime.org/news-analysis/insight-crime-2016-homicide-round-up</a>.





### Beneficiary / End User Profile: Jobs

- Champions: DHS's Office of Strategy, Policy and Plans, Mexico and Central America staff.
- Advocates and stakeholders:
  - DHS, Office of Immigration Statistics
  - U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement, including policy staff engaged in reintegration planning
  - U.S. Border Patrol, Strategic Planning and Analysis
  - U.S. Department of State: Western Hemisphere Affairs (Mexico and Central America), Intelligence and Research, International Narcotics and Law Enforcement Affairs
  - U.S. Agency for International Development, Central America and Mexico



# Beneficiary / End User Profile: Desired Gains

- Understanding long-term migration pressures: economic development, violence and security, family and social ties.
- Knowledge of Alliance for Prosperity (AfP) and other investments in the region's development, potential impacts on long-term migration to U.S.
- Review of reintegration challenges for repatriated migrants and programs that can successfully address these challenges, in order to reduce incentives for return migration.
- Review of promising reintegration programs in Mexico that could be adapted to the Northern Triangle countries.
- Development of recommendations for cost-effective U.S. investments to reduce migration pressures from the region.





# Beneficiary / End User Profile: Pain Points

- Ongoing violence and economic deprivation that reduce the quality of life in the Northern Triangle.
- Large and unpredictable unauthorized migration flows from Northern Triangle to the United States.
- Substantial investments in Northern Triangle country development with uncertain prospects and cost effectiveness.
- Minimal investments in reintegration programs and no knowledge about their effectiveness.
- No long-term strategy for reducing migration pressures from the region.





#### **Products & Services**

- Policy briefs on Alliance for Prosperity, other development initiatives, and reintegration programs in the Northern Triangle.
- Recommendations for U.S. investment strategies to reduce initial and return migration from the region.
- Transitioned through a roundtable meeting at MPI and briefings for relevant federal champions and advocates.



### Key accomplishments

- Meetings with DHS, CBP, ICE, USDOS and AID to obtain buy-in and input on study methods, exchange knowledge.
- Literature review on migration trends, push factors, status of women, and reintegration challenges in the region.
- Roundtable at MPI with U.S. government, regional government, academic, and civil society representatives at MPI to discuss migration pressures in the region (held in September 2017).
- Discussions with regional government, academics, and civil society representatives (in person in Washington, D.C., and over the phone with stakeholders in the region).
- Leveraging of additional funding from CAMMINA and the Ford Foundation to support these elements of the "policy scan" for the project, and to support project planning.

### **Transition Pathways**

- MPI will provide drafts of interim report based on fieldwork to project champions and selected advocates/stakeholders for their review.
- MPI will provide drafts of policy briefs for review.
- MPI will hold a roundtable including project champions, other DHS/US government advocates/stakeholders, and stakeholders from the region to discuss main findings and develop recommendations.
- MPI will brief DHS champions and other stakeholders/advocates on findings and recommendations.
- MPI will disseminate results broadly with U.S. government and other policymakers.

### **Transition Engagement**

- MPI has met with multiple groups of DHS and other U.S. government stakeholders, including USDOS and USAID.
- MPI will brief DHS champions about project progress on a regular basis.
- MPI has meet with stakeholders from the Embassies of Mexico, El Salvador, Guatemala and Honduras.
- MPI will meet with international agency stakeholders such as the Inter-American Development Bank (IDB) and International Organization for Migration (IOM).





#### **Conclusions**

- The project is still in the initial planning phases.
- But we have drawn on other resources (Ford, CAMMINA) to begin our policy scan/literature review.
- Next steps include:
  - Completing the policy scan.
  - Visits to the region to meet key informants in governments, academic and civil society
  - Focus groups of returned/repatriated migrants.
- Unauthorized Central American migration is one of the key challenges facing DHS.
- This project should provide additional information about migration patterns and concrete strategies to address recidivism via reintegration programming.





#### **Disclaimer**

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